LEGISLATORS ANXIOUS TO VOTE ON RACETRACK BILLS.

McCarren's Bill for the Government of Political Parties Likely to Pass Sonstor Raines Will Amend It to Meet Republican Situation in Rural Districts.

ALBANY, May 18.-When Gov. Hughes will kend his message to the Legislature calling for action on the bills repealing the Percy-Gray betting law is a matter of conjecture. Some legislators expected that the Governor would send his message tonight, and when he did not half a dozen Senators who were present felt disap-pointed. It all depends undoubtedly on the condition of Senator Foelker of Brook-

Senator Agnew, the introducer of the anti-racetrack gambling legislation, to-day stopped off at Staatsburg, where Senator Focker is ill, and saw the patient. He came to Albany and reported that Senator Foelker is a seriously sick man. To-day for the first time since his illness he was without fever. The physician reported Senator Foelker could get out and possibly longer. It is considered in legislative circles that Senator Agnew acted as the emissary of Gov. Hughes to ascertain Senator Foelker's real condition.

To-day Gov. Hughea signed Senator Allds's bill in the interests of the town and county agricultural fairs. In the supply bill an item was inserted appropriating \$250,000 for the support of the air associations. But no mention was made as to where this money was to come from. As the Governor had expected to have his series of anti-betting bills passed, the fair associations were to get \$250,000 from the State treasury. Neither Senator Agnew nor Assemblyman Hart, however, pressed it for passage, the bill making this appropriation to take the place of the annual contributions from the racing associations. At the last minute Senator Allds introduced a bill providing that the \$250,000 provided for in the supply bill should be received from the same sources as in former

Senator Allds said that one of the reasons for the introduction of the bill was so that the Governor would not have an excuse to yeto the item in the appropriation bill to veto the item in the appropriation bill the same as he did the appropriation for beet sugar cultivation a year ago.

There was some surprise expressed about

There was some surprise expressed about the Capitol when it was learned that the Governor had signed this bill, for the racing men say they recognize in this Gov. Hughes's admission of defeat for his anti-racetrack gambling legislation should he recommend the bills again. The fact that the Governor has again consented to permit tainted money to be used for the interests of the farmer is viewed humor-walk by many. Indications still point to the Governor

getting but scant recognition in the shape of measures that he has recommended to the extra session of the Legislature. It seems, however, that one measure the Governor recommended and which met with the approval of Senator McCarren is going to get through. That is the bill to prevent fraud and arbitrary methods in the management of political parties and conventions. Senator McCarren introduced a bill to fit the situation as created by the last Democratio State convention, which ousted him and his delegates from Kings county from the convention and from the State committee. To-morrow Senator Raines will amend the bill to meet situations existing in the Republican party. This is taken to mean that the Republicans have accepted the bill, for fifteen Republican Senators have openly expressed them-selves as being in favor of it.

In the Republican rural Assembly dis-tricts there are often squabbles over the

epresentation a district is entitled to at a Senatorial or Congressional convention, for where three counties make up the Sena-torial district there is usually considerable palousy if one county is given more delegates in the convention than another. vide that where an agreement as to the representation cannot be reached the same number of delegates from each Assembly

representation cannot be reached the same number of delegates from each Assembly district to a State convention shall be the basis of representation of the same Assembly districts in a Senatorial or Congressional convention.

Senator McCarren to-night amended the bill so as to make it impossible to prevent a delegate from being seated until after it is too late through appeals from a decision of a trial court. The McCarren bill provided that where a contest to a seat in a convention is made it shall be determined by a County Judge or a Supreme Court Justice. To-night he inserted an amendment providing that there shall be no appeal from a decision of the trial court.

A hearing is to be had on this bill before the Senate Judiciary Committee to-morrow afternoon. Isaac M. Kapper, chairman of the law committee of the Kings county Democratic organization, is here to speak in behalf of the bill, and it is expected there will be some home rule Democrats from up State present to urge the passage of the bill.

of the bill.

Sixteen Assemblymen attended to-night's session of the lower house. Paradise Park Jimmy Oliver usurped the position of leader of both sides and moved to adjourn

leader of both sides and moved to adjourn before Assemblyman Louis Cuvillier could make a speech, his motion prevailing. Assemblyman Cuvillier wanted to introduce a resolution calling on the Governor to at once send his message dealing with racetrack betting to the Legislature. It was ruled out of order.

Assemblyman Beverly Robinson has made his bill decreasing the number of electors to an election district in New York city a general one. He had one passed by the last Legislature, but Mayor McClellan vetoed it a few days ago. Under the guise of amending the election law to prevent frauds, as recommended by the Governor in his message, Mr. Robinson has reintroduced the bill, but in such a form that it will not have to be passed upon by Mayor McClellan.

McClellan.

For the remainder of this week the committees will be at work. To-morrow the Senate Judiciary Committee is to give a hearing on Senator Page's bill amending the public service commissions law to extend the jurisdiction of the commissions to telephone, telegraph, stage and ferry

wednesday the committee will give a hearing on the bill providing for a bureau of mercantile inspection to look after the enforcement of the anti-child labor laws in department stores in New York city. The Senate Finance Committee is to give a hearing at noon on Wednesday on the bills before that committee. All hearings undoubtedly will be joint ones.

Some Hope for Campaign Publicity Bill. WASHINGTON, May 13.-There is still some hope for the passage of a campaign publicity bill in the House. Although the

publicity bill in the House. Although the leaders have not set a time for the consideration of the McCall bill, which is before the House with a favorable report. Representative Gaines of West Virginia, chairman of the committee that reported the bill, said to-day that he expected action would be taken before adjournment. The author of the bill, Representative McCall, was not so hopeful.

"The bill should be passed," said Mr. McCall, "but no time has been set for its consideration and it is a little late in the session to expect action on a bill of this importance."

### Covernment Liability Bill Reported in the

WASHINGTON, May 18.-The Government hability bill was reported to the Senate this morning from the Judiciary Committee. It was approved in the form that it passed the House at the end of last week. Representative Alexander of New York is the author of the bill. The right of all laborers, artisians and others engaged in hazardous occupations for the Government to receive compensation for injuries sustained in employment is allowed.

WAITING FOR HUGHES MESSAGE | BILLS SIGNED BY GOV. HUGHES. | 40 REPUBLICANS IN REVOLT One Permits the Establishment of Incinstrial and Trade Schools.

ALBANY, May 18.—Gov. Hughes to-day signed a batch of thirty day bills. Among the number were the following:

Assemblyman Wainwright's, permitting the establishment of industrial any city or union free school district, the schools to be open to pupils who have completed the elementary school course or who have attained the age of 14 years, and trade is open to pupils who have attained the age of 16 years and are through with the elementary school course or a course in an industrial school. Advisory boards representing the local trades and industries are to be selected by local boards of education or superintendents of schools to aid in establishing such schools. All such schools main-tained for forty weeks during the school having at least twenty-five pupils, will reeach additional teacher employed exclusively chool year.

Senator Armstrong's, authorizing the commission to select a site for the New York Training School for Boys to secure through purchase or condemnation lands which will be approved by the State Board of Charities and the Governor. There is an understanding that a site shall not be selected near

Assemblyman Merritt's, appropriating \$188,575 for the purchase of a site for the Eastern New York Custodial Asylum, near

Assemblyman A. E. Smith's, permitting he sale of cocoaine and eucaine in wholesale lots by manufacturers to other manufacturers and wholesale dealers and druggists.

BENEFITS TO EXEMPT FIREMEN. Hearing on the Bill Requiring Five Years of Actual Service.

ALBANY, May 18.—Gov. Hughes this afternoon gave a hearing on Senator Harte's bill defining the qualifications of exempt volunteer firemen and providing for certificates of exemption in order that those not entitled should not receive the benefits accruing under the law in the way of exemption from jury duty, preference in the civil service and allowance on taxes. It was pointed out to the Governor that the bill had resulted from mushroom growth in membership of volunteer fire companies on Staten Island and other boroughs of Greater New York when it was decided that the volunteer fire system should be done away with.

done away with.

Attorney Thomas O'Connor, representing the State Firemen's Association, said one hook and ladder company on Staten Island had grown from twenty-three members prior to June 1, 1895, to between 800 and 900 in three months following. In order to prevent applicants from securing memto prevent applicants from securing mem-bership for a short period and thus secure bership for a short period and thus secure the benefits which go with the position of veteran firemen the proposed law was drafted, requiring five years actual ser-vice before a company is disbanded to be replaced by a paid department, and also that exempt firemen must have been resi-dents and electors of the districts where they served as firemen.

#### LEWISOHN ESTATE WINS. Supreme Court Decides Against the Oid

Dominion Copper Company. WASHINGTON, May 18 .- A specimen of modern "frenzied finance" was shown in a suit decided to-day in the Supreme Court, whereby the Old Dominion Copper and Mining Company of Boston endeavored to recover from the estate of the late Leonard Lewisohn of New York one-half the value of stock it is alleged Lewisohn and Albert S. Bigelow of Boston sold to themselves in the reorganization of the

company in 1895. The bill alleges that Lewisohn and Bigelow, after purchasing from the owners the mining rights and property of the company for \$1,000,000 in stock of the reorganized company, issued some \$1,500,000 in stock to themselves, and in addition foisted on the company for 30,000 shares of the new stock, for which they had paid only \$5,000. The oill sought to recover from the Lewisohn estate for the half of the shares he had received from the transaction and the recession of the sale of the property in ques-

cession of the sale of the property in question. Similar suit was also entered against Bigelow in Boston and judgment against him was affirmed by the Supreme Court of that State.

The suit was based on the claim that Lewisohn'and Bigelow stood in a fiduciary relation to the company and therefore were liable for the fraud perpetrated. This is in line with decisions of the English courts, but is novel here. Notwithstanding the different construction placed on the transaction by the Massachusetts courts and the difference in the practice in England, the court to-day affirmed the judgment of the Federal Court of Appeals at New York in dismissing the suit.

York in dismissing the suit.

The court takes the ground that the Old Dominion company as a corporation assented to the transaction when it was under the control of the syndicate; that it is the same corporation now, even though under different control, and is therefore bound by its former acts. The only parties who could question the transaction, the court says, were those who subscribed to the 30,000 shares of stock on which the public were "let in," and the corporation itself could not question it under the present laws on

#### Two Treatles Signed at the State Depart-

WASHINGTON, May 18 .- Two treaties were igned at the State Department to-day by Robert Bacon, acting Secretary of State. One of these conventions was with Great Britain and provides for the mutual con-Britain and provides for the mutual conveyance of prisoners across the territory of the other country and also for the refuge and salvage of vessels of the Great Lakes and other border waters between the United States and Canada. A general arbitration with Denmark was also signed by Constantin Brun, Danish Minister to the United States. Both treaties will be transmitted to the Senate by President Roosevelt for ratification at this session of Congress.

#### The Weather.

There was a disturbance central over eastern Iowa yesterday, distributing rain and thunder-storms throughout the central valleys and cloudi-ness over the Gulf States and most of the Lake regions and south Atlantic States. In the Middle Atlantic and New England States the weather was generally fair. Another low area appearing over the extreme Northwest brought cloudiness and rain into the

orth Pacific States and east to the Rocky Moun-It was warmer generally in the Lake regions and eastward to the New England and Middle Atlantic coast. It was also warmer in Montana,

Wyoming, Utah and westward. In the Missouri and Mississippi valleys o Arkansas it was cooler. In this city the day was fair and warmer; wind.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table.

1808. 1907. 1808. 1907. 9 A. M. 67° 55° 6 P. M. 72° 74° 12 M. 78° 71° 9 P. M. 62° 71° 3 P. M. 75° 73° 12 Mid. 62° 66° Lowest temperature, 80°, at 6:30 A. M.

VASHINGTON PORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW. For eastern New York, rain to-day and probably in For New England, fair in eastern and rain in

western portion to-day; rain to-morrow; fresh southeasterly winds, increasing. For eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Dela-ware, rain to-day; partly cloudy to morrow; inreasing southeast to south winds.
For the District of Columbia, Maryland and Virgintal rain to-day: fair to-morrow; fresh southeas

For western New York, rain and cooler to-day; fair to morrow, except rain in easiern portion; fresh
possibly brisk, southeasterly winds and thunder,
storms.

THEY DEMAND PASSAGE OF ANTI-INJUNCTION BILL.

They Tell the Speaker That If the House Judiciary Committee Doesn't Act They Will Join With the Democrate to Prevent Adjournment Until It Does.

WASHINGTON, May 18 .- That a considerable number of the Republicans in the House of Representatives will make a determined effort to secure the passage of an anti-injunction bill before adjournment was made plain to Speaker Cannon to-day when he was waited upon by a delegation of insurgents, composed of Representatives Townsend of Michigan, Hayes of California, Madison of Kansas and Pollard of Nebrasks. The insurgents told the Speaker, it was said, that if the House Committee on the Judiciary failed to report an anti-injunction bill they would join with the Democrats to prevent an adjournment. They submitted to the Speaker one petition with forty names attached calling on the Committee on the Judiciary to report an anti-injunction measure. This petition was circulated by Representative Hayes. Other petitions of a similar character have been

members of the insurgent band Inquiries made to-day developed that he revolt against the determination of the leaders to adjourn Congress without passing a bill regulating the practices of the Federal courts in issuing injunctions has been growing for several days. Conferences by the insurgents have been held and Saturday night it was decided to test the temper of Republicans in the House by inviting

passed around with more or less success by

of Republicans in the House by inviting them to sign petitions urging the Judiciary Committee to act or threatening to join with the Democrats to prevent adjournment until such time as the leaders could see their way clear to put the thumbsorews on Chairman Jenkins and other members of the committee. The results it was said, were beyond their expectations.

Just what the leaders will do in the face of this revolt on the question of injunctions will be developed within the next day or so. While there are probably not a dozen Republicans who favor the Pearre bill, indorsed by organized labor and which in the opinion of good lawyers in Congress proposes to practically abolish the writ of injunction, a great many Republicans believe that some measure relating

the writ of injunction, a great many Republicans believe that some measure relating to injunctions should be enacted into law.

The bills quite generally favored, if any action at all is to be taken, are those introduced by Representatives Payne of New York, Sterling of Illinois and Hubbard of West Virginia. As interpreted by members of the Committee on the Judiciary these measures go no further than to give a statutory recognition of the present practices of Federal Judges in the matter of issuing restraining orders. They are chiefly valuable, in the opinion of their advocates, because of the moral effect that would follow the enactment of any one of them.

them. However, organized laber insists upon is a tremendous sentiment among business men bitterly hostile to any legislation at all relating to injunctions. Efforts made to

men bitterly hostile to any legislation at all relating to injunctions. Efforts made to get up a compromise that might be reasonably satisfactory to the opposing interests have proved futile.

A determined group of forty Republicans bent on carrying their point, if they have to join with the Democrats to do so, presents a real problem for the leaders. Even if the House should act, however, there will be no corresponding action by the Senate, and the hope of injunction igislation at this session is regarded as futile.

#### VREELAND REPLIES TO FOWLER. Proud of Being "New Knight of Finance" From the Hay Fields.

WASHINGTON, May 18 .- Mr. Vreeland of New York to-day replied to the attack upon him in the House a few days ago by Chairman Fowler of the Committee on Banking and Currency. Mr. Vreeland was not then present, and to-day Mr. Fowler was not in land as "the new knight of finance from the hopyards and hayfields of Cattaraugus county," and asserted that he had solicited support for his bill, despite his statement to the contrary. He also pointed out that there was no First National Bank in Atlanta, Ga., as Mr. Vreeland had stated, and no bank there with a million dollars

and no bank there with a million dollars capital.

Mr. Vreeland to-day admitted that he came from the hayfields, but recalled that George Washington came from the hayfields of Mount Vernon to become President of the United States. He reiterated that he had not solicited support for his bill and said that every letter written by his bill and said that every letter written by him had been in reply to one received. As to the Atlanta bank matter, he had read without glasses, and with no intent to deceive had changed "Third" into "First" and capital and surplus into capital. "I have associated with members here for ten years," said he, "and my reputation for veracity and accuracy of statement will rest not on what I say about it or on what the gentleman from New Jersey thinks of it but upon the impression I have made in that time.

#### OHIO POSTMASTERS CONFIRMED.

Suggestion That the Feraker and Taft Factions Are Getting Together.

WASHINGTON, May 18 .- A suggestion of the return of the "era of good feeling" in Ohio politics was heard in the executive session of the Senate to-day when the nominations of ten Ohio postmasters, which had been suspended in the Senate since had been suspended in the Senate since last December and January, were confirmed. These postmasters were in the list of thirty-one held up by Senators Foraker and Dick to afford them an opportunity to look into the circumstances of their appointment and the alleged political deals involved. A few days ago the Ohio Senators took the list of suspended nominations and went over them carefully with a blue pencil. Nineteen were finally passed to confirmation and the balance, which went through the Senate to-day, belonged to the number. The others will be investigated further. Most of them will not be confirmed at this session.

#### La Bourgogne Disaster.

WASHINGTON, May 18.-The Supreme Court to-day affirmed the judgment of the lower courts in limiting to the value of freight money the liability of La Compagnie Générale Transatlantique, owners of the steamship La Bourgogne, which was lost off Sable Island some years ago by collision with a sailing ship and 450 of her passengers and 122 of her crew were drowned.

#### Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, May 18 .- These navy orders were issued to-day:
Commander W. A. Gill, from Philadelphia to the
Solace.
Commander N. R. Usher, to Washington, D. C.
Lleut, C. R. Train, to charge of recruiting station, Philadelphia.
Lieut, H. D. Cooke, Jr., from the Virginia to the
Independence.
Ensign R. A. Koch, to the Lancaster.
Surgeon A. Farenholt, from the Independence
to the Maryland.
Surgeon J. T. Kennedy, from recruiting station
pailas, Tex., to the Independence.
Surgeon E. M. Shipp, from the Illinois to the
Pennsylvania.

Dallas, Tex., to the Independence.
Surgeon E. M. Shipp, from the Illinois to the
Pennsylvania.
Surgeon J. F. Urle, from the Pennsylvania to
the Illinois.
Passed Assistant Surgeon C. M. Mayers, to Mare
Island yard.
Passed Assistant Surgeon H. O. Shiffert, to the
Lancaster, League Island, Pa.
Passed Assistant Surgeon M. W. Baker, from
the Colorado to the Nebraska.
Passed Assistant Surgeon M. A. Dunn, from the
Nebraska to the Colorado.
Assistant Surgeon D. C. Cather, from the Lancaster to recruiting station, Kansas City, Mo.
Assistant Surgeon H. A. Garrison, from naval
hospital, Philadelphia, to naval station, Guam.
Assistant Surgeon M. C. Baker, from naval
hospital, Norfoik, to recruiting station, Dallas, Tex.
Assistant Surgeon M. C. Baker, from navy yard,
Mare Island, to the Ohio.
Assistant Paymester F. Baldwin, from the
Louisians to the Arethusa.
Assistant Paymester W. S. Zane, from the Arethusa to second torpodo flotilla.

#### Shoulder Talks

So long as men wear clothes so long will the Wm. Vogel & Son shoulder hold to its pre-eminence as the best shoulder ever conceived and tailored. It is a shoulder of grace and symmetry-modelled into form by hand, and retains its shape

Our suits at \$25 give evidence of this shoulder superiority. Fashioned in the new models of a high order of fabrics. Clever weaves in brown, tan, olive, gray, blue, etc.

#### WM. VOGEL & SON

Broadway.

Houston St.

DEFENDS NEGRO SOLDIERS. Senator Bulkeley Dissents From the Agree-

ment Postponing Forsker Bill. WASHINGTON, May 16 .- The Senate adourned to-day after transacting only a small amount of business.

Senator Bulkeley of Connecticut called up the bill directing the reinstatement of the discharged soldiers of the Brownsville battation. He made a brief speech explaining the bill and urging the necessity of passing the bill before adjournment. Senator Foraker's bill having been postponed until next session Mr. Bulkeley turned to the Warner bill, which was still on the calendar, as a proper preliminary method for getting action on the main question. He said that he did not favor the Warner bill and that once the subject was before the Senate for consideration was before the senate for consideration he intended moving to substitute the Foraker bill. The absence of Senators Foraker and Lodge caused Mr. Bulkeley to ask for the postponement of further consideration of the bill until these Senatora were able to be present. Mr. Bulkeley dissented from the programment of postponement. from the programme of postponement arranged by Senator Foraker last week. arranged by Senator Foraker last week. The Senate agreed to several conference reports and passed a few unimportant bills. Reconsideration was had of the bill passed Saturday to aid the development of the coal fields of Alaska. The bill had been passed in the absence of Senator Flint, who had reported it, and when he returned he objected to the action because the bill had been passed in an amended form. When reconsidered to-day the bill was passed in the form in which Mr. Flint had reported it originally.

passed in the form in which Mr. Flint had reported it originally.

The Senate passed the bill authorizing the holding of two terms of the Federal court for the eastern district of Kentucky at Jackson, Breathitt county.

When the conference report on Senator Smoot's dry farming bill was submitted Mr. Heyburn opposed it so strenuously that the report was withdrawn temporarily. An executive session was held during which Mr. Teller of Colorado occupied the floor in opposition to the treaty of extradifloor in opposition to the treaty of extradi-tion with Portugal. Several nominations were confirmed, among them that of E. T. Sanford to be Judge of the eastern and middle districts of Tennessee to succeed Charles D. Clark, deceased.

LEGISLATIVE BILL AGREED TO. Appropriates \$150,000 to investigate Causes of Mine Explosions

WASHINGTON, May 18. The legislative. executive and judicial appropriation act agreed upon by both Houses of Congress agreed upon by both Houses of Congress to-day carries an appropriation of \$150,000 for conducting investigations as to the causes of mine explosions, with a view to increasing safety in mining, to be immediately available.

The bill also creates a commission consisting of the Secretary of the Interior, the Commissioner of Patents and the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution who

tary of the Smithsonian Institution. are instructed to determine which of the models of the Patent Office may be of possivalue, such models thus selected to be cared for in the new National Museum building. The remainder of said models shall, before January 1, 1909, be disposed of by sale, gift or otherwise, as the Commissioner of Patents, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, shall determine.

The salaries of all assistant secretaries of the departments were increased to \$5,000 and the salary of the chairman of the Civil Service Commission was increased from ilue, such mode lected to be cared

Service Commission was increased from \$4,000 to \$4,500.

OCEAN MAIL SUBSIDY MAY FAIL. Poll of House Shows a Majority of Fifteen

to Twenty Against It. WASHINGTON, May 18:- That feature of he post offices appropriation bill carrying approximately \$3,500,000 as subsidies for approximately \$3,500,000 as subsidies for new mail lines to South American and Oriental ports will probably fail of passage owing to opposition in the House. The subsidy proposition was put in the bill in the Senate. Up to date the House conferees have refused to agree to it and an effort is now being made to induce the Senate conferees to recede.

Representative Overstreet of Indiana, one of the House conferees on the postal bill who is favorable to the mail subsidy proposed by the Senate, is of the opinion that it would be inadvisable for the latter that it would be inadvisable for the latter body to insist upon its amendment. A, poll of the House just completed shows that the subsidy proposition would be defeated by a majority of 15 to 20. Friends of ship subsidy legislation take the position that much of the present opposition is based on political expediency. They declare on political expediency. They declare that if the Senate amendment is brought up in the House and defeated the principle of paying subsidies to upbuild the American merchant marine will have received a

Admiral Evans to Serve on General Board, WASHINGTON, May 18.-Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, former Commander in Chief of the Atlantic battleship fleet, will be ordered by Secretary of the Navy Metcalf to duty as a member of the General Board of the Navy in order to utilize his long exof the Navy in order to utilize his long experience in the navy, and especially the experience of the recent cruise around South
America, in advising the Secretary of the
Navy on matters of naval policy. He will
be placed on the retired list on August 18
next. His retirement, however, will not
prevent him from serving on the General
Board.

PAPER

GENERAL DEFICIENCY BILL.

Chairman Tawney Says Its the Cleanest One Ever Reported to the House. WASHINGTON, May 18.—The House to-day assed a Senate bill donating to the State of Idaho a million acres of the public domain to be improved by irrigation projects

under the Carey act. The general deficiency appropriation bill was taken up in committee of the whole. Notwithstanding the large total carried by the bill, \$17,842,578, Mr. Tawney, chairman of tife Committee on Appropriations, said it was the cleanest deficiency bill ever reported to the House. Not an item in it, he said, was made necessary by a violation of the law relating to deficiencies. The exception was the appropriation for the naval establishment, which could not be anticipated at the time the estimates of anticipated at the time the estimates of various depastments were made up. That deficiency was made necessary by the cruise of the battleship fleet to the Pacific. The principal items in the bill are:

Treasury Department, \$202,788; miltary establishment, \$1,310,901; naval establish-

establishment, \$1,310,901; naval establishment, \$3,150,289; pensions, \$10,000,000; Department of Commerce and Labor, \$120,850; United States Courts, \$105,007; postal service, \$128,491; House of Representatives, \$142,747; printing and binding, \$782,477; judgments against United States, \$1,741,390; auditor accounts, \$299,151.

An amendment offered by Mr. Mann of Ulippis was added authorizing the Registration.

Illinois was added, authorizing the President to turn over for the use of the approachng International Tuberculosis Congress the New National Museum, District Building, and Agricultural Department buildings. The usual annual appropriation of a month's salary for special and extra services to House employees was inserted in the bill on motion by Mr. Loudenslager of New Jersey. The bill as amended was reported to the House and passed. At 6:15 o'clock the House took a recess until 11:30

to-morrow.
The Democratic filibuster in the House went out of business temporarily while bills were passed granting annuities of \$1,500 for life to the widows of Army Sur-geons James Carroll and Jesse !W. Lazear. who sacrificed their lives to demonstrate the theory that mosquitoes carry yellow fever germs; for the relief of sufferers by the recent conflagration at Chelsea, Mass.; the recent conflagration at Chelses, Mass.; to print 100,000 copies of "Diseases of Cat-tle;" to direct the Secretary of the Navy to care for silver services, colors, books, &c. presented to naval vessels by States or municipalities out of the appropriation for the equipment of vessels; vesting in the heirs, executors or devisees of a deceased inventor any right he may have had at the time of his death; requiring the payment of fees for the issue of a patent to be made within six months of the date of notification of its allowance, under penalty of withholding the patent; the bill trans-ferring Greenough's statue of Washington, located in front of the Capitol, to the Smithsonian Institution, and constituting Mon-terey and Port Harford (San Luis Obispo), Cal., sub-ports of entry

TAFT SEES THE PRESIDENT.

Talks Polities and Conditions in the Canal WASHINGTON, May 18.-Secretary Taft

called at the White House shortly before 11 o'clock this morning and had a long talk with the President about his trip to Panama and the political developments which have taken place since he left Washington. Secretary Taft said this morning that

conditions on the Isthmus were highly satisconditions on the Isthmus were highly satisfactory. He was impressed, he said, with the effective work done by the present commission and the army engineers. The differences between the Panama Republic and the Zone Government, he added, were amicably settled, as was also the boundary dispute between Panama and Colombia. Mr. Taft will leaveWashington on Wednesday night for Nashville, Tenn., where on May 21 he will deliver an address before the Tennessee Bar Association. Tennessee Bar Association

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The repair ship Panther has arrived at San Francisco, the gunboat Albany at San José de Guatemala, the transport Prairie at Charleston, the scout ship Birmingham at Hampton Roads, the cruiser Charleston and the doads, the cruiser Charleston and the gunboat Yorktown at Monterey and the gunboat Paducah at Curaçoa.

The torpedo boats Porter, Blakely, De Long, Thornton and Tingey have sailed from Savannah for Charleston, the torpedo boat Decatur from Cavite for Saigon and the cruisers West Virginia, Colorado, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, California and Washington from San Francisco for Santa Barbara. Santa Barbara.

Naval Retiring Board.

WASHINGTON, May 18 .- A retiring board onsisting of Rear Admiral Caspar F. Goodrich, chairman, and Rear Admirals E. H. C. Leutze, A. R. Couden, Richardson Clover and E. D. Taussig has been appointed by Secretary of the Navy Metcalf in accord-Secretary of the Navy Metcalf in accordance with the provisions of the navy personnel act of several years ago, which provides that a board shall be appointed for the purpose of eliminating by compulsory retirement a sufficient number of officers every year to provide forty vacancies above the grade of Junior Lieutenant on July 1.

PECTORAL

PAPER

El Principe de Gales

Havana Cigarettes

Do Not Stain The Fingers

THIS MEANS MUCH

10c per box of 10

"EVERYWHERE"

HAVANA-AMERICAN COMPANY

(Also Makers of El Principe de Gajos Hanana Cigare)

In definition of the word "best" the Standard Dictionary says in part: 'best' in trade use

The little word has lost its earlier significance-"excelling all others" not through use but misuse. In all justice, therefore, to fittingly describe our

## Apparel for Men

we must say "better than best."

The "best" ready-for-service suits we can find elsewhere are certainly lacking in just those features we incorporate in ours to compel distinction.

The 'best' of which our designers and tailormen are capable begins at a higher level than ready-forservice garments have ever before attained.

Plain or fancy Serge Suits, Worsted or Cheviot Suits in many models and 250 fabric patterns.

\$15 to \$43.

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Broadway at 34th Street

TO PRESERVE THE FORESTS. Bill That Contemplates the Conservation

of Natural Resources. WASHINGTON, May 18 .- Conservation of the natural resources of the United States is contemplated in a bill ordered reported to the House to-day by the Committee on Agriculture. The measure contains provisions bearing on the proposal to create Federal forest reserves in the southern Appalachian region and in the White Mountains of New Hampshire. It permits the States to enter into agreepermits the States to enter into agreements with each other, such as are not in conflict, with Federal laws, for the conservation of water supply, forests and other natural resources. The bill carries an appropriation of \$100,000 to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to supply to forest owners expert advice on the subject of reforestation. The Secretary of Agriculture is also authorized to enter into an agreement with the owners of forests on the headwaters of any navigable stream so that he shall for a period of years care for such forests instead of the owner.

A commission consisting of five mem-

A commission consisting of five mem-bers of the Senate, to be appointed by its presiding officer, and five members of the House, to be appointed by the Speaker, is created by the bill. This commission is to is created by the bill. This commission is to investigate; the connection, if any there may be, between the navigability of streams rising in the White Mountains and southern Appalachians and, the preservation of the forests. If this commission, which is to report by January 1, 1909, to the President, finds that such relation exists, it shall then determine it, the United States should acquire land within the waters' heads or whether the Government may exercise whether the Government may exercise supervision over the waters' heads without The commission is empowered to expend not more than \$20,000 in its work.

TEN BILLS IN ONE.

No Limit to the Omnibus Method of Legis lation in the House.

WASHINGTON, May 18 .- Under the ha ing effect of the Democratic filibuster in the House a unique piece of legislation was considered by that body to-day and doubt-less will be passed to-morrow. Omnibus bills, including various kindred propositions, have not been infrequent in the House, but to-day, for the first time in its history, a bill was presented and considered combi bill was presented and considered combining ten different bills on diverse subjects, eight of which had been favorably reported unanimously by the Committee on Indian Affairs. There were added to these two others by Mr. Sherman of New York, chairman of that committee, who constructed the combination, which while not having been formally acted on by the committee met the approval of individual members who had been consulted. None of the several propositions, Mr. Sherman said constituted a charge on the Treasury and most of them were of merely local or personal interest.

interest Mr. Fitzgerald of New York, formerly a member of the Committee on Indian Affairs, protested against this method of doing business. Pending a vote on the measure, the House took a recess until to-morrow.

Harriman's Appeal Advanced for Hearing on October 18.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The Supreme Court to-day advanced for hearing on October 18 next the appeals of E. H. Harriman and Otto H. Kahn from the judgment of Judge Hough of the Federal Court at New York ordering tham to answer certain question propounded by the Interstate Commerce Commission regarding the Southern Pacific and Illinois Central railroads.

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